ASPHALT PAVEMENT PRESERVATION Are Hot Mix and Chip Seal my only Options??

Let's look at Measures to Build a Strong Preservation Program and Preserve one of the County's Most Valuable Assets.

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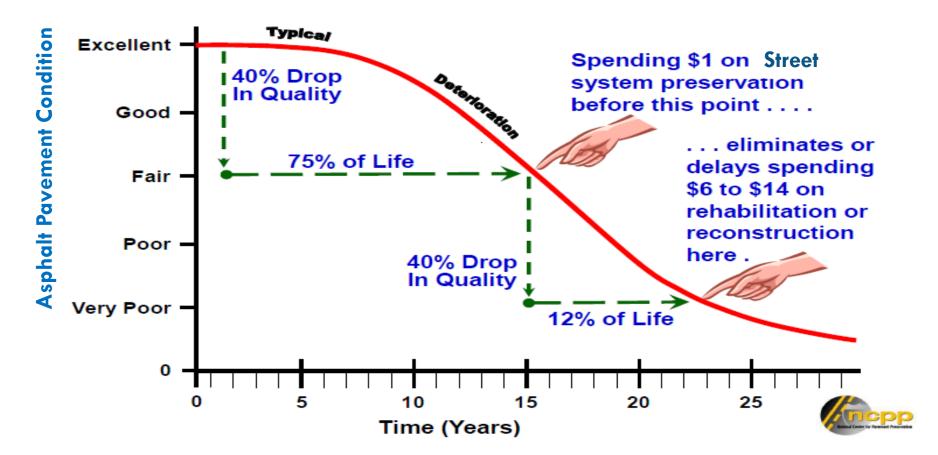
# LEARNING OBJECTIVES

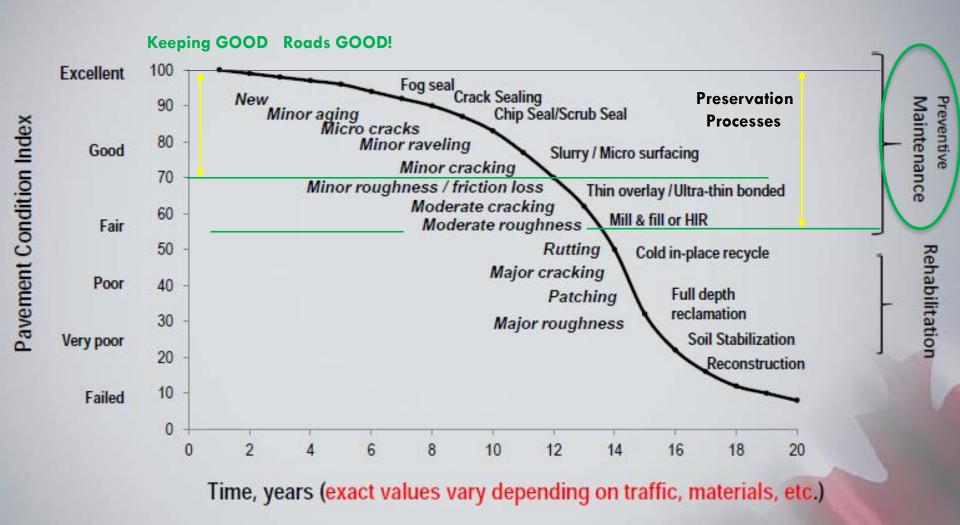
- Realize the Value of Assets
- Overcome Challenges and Utilize Available Resources
- \* Add Processes to my TOOLBOX to Develop a Strong Preservation Program



## So, What is the value of all my roads?? For Scale: Kenedy County(Pop. 340) has 19 LM - Harris County (Pop.4,728,000) has 12,877 LM (52% > 1000 LM, 8% > 2000 LM)Let's use an example for a county that has1,000 Lanes Miles of Asphalt Roads Assumptions: All roads are Asphalt (2" Thick) in "FAIR to GOOD" Condition. All roads have 2 – 12' lanes. JUST LOOKING AT THE COST TO MILL AND OVERLAY ALL THE ROADS! (1,000 LM X 5,280 LF) X 12 FT = 63,360,000 SF63,360,000 SF / 9 = 7,040,000 SY (7,040,000 SY X 110 lbs/SY/In X 2in)/ 2000 = 774,400 Tons of HMAC 774,400 Tons X \$90/Ton = \$69,696,000 (For Overlay) 7,040,000 SY X 2.50/SY = 17,600,000 (Milling) Total = \$87,296,000Annual Road Budget: \$4,500,000 If entire Annual Budget was spent on resurfacing roads, and the costs never increased, it would take over 19 years to complete!

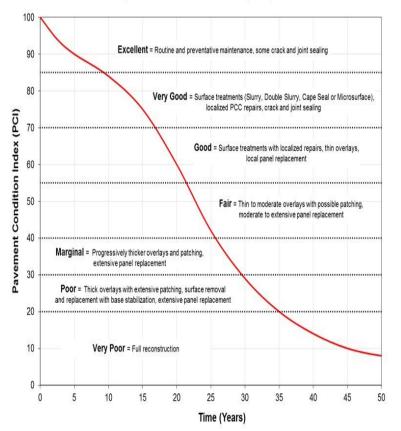
## **Asphalt Pavement Preservation is Cost Effective**





#### Understand the Pavement Condition Score

The following illustration compares Pavement Condition Index (PCI) to commonly used descriptive terms. The divisions between the terms are not fixed, but are meant to reflect common perceptions of condition.



PCI Range	Description	Relative Remaining Life	Definition
85-100	Excellent	15 to 25 Years	Like new condition - little or no maintenance required when new; or routine maintenance such as crack and joint sealing Sweeping & Herbicio
70-85	Very Good	12 to 20 Years	Routine maintenance such as patching, crack sealing with possible surface treatments - chip seals, seal coats, slurries, or micro-surfacing.
55-70	Good	10 to 15 Years	Heavier surface treatments and thin overlays. Localized panel replacements.
30-55	Fair to Marginal	7 to 12 Years	Progressively thicker overlays with localized repairs. Moderate to extensive panel replacements.
20-30	Poor	5 to 10 Years	Sections will require very thick overlays or surface replacement, base reconstruction, and possible subgrade stabilization.
0-20	Very Poor	<mark>0 to 5</mark> Years	High percentage of full reconstruction.

The general idea of what these condition levels mean with respect to remaining life and typical rehabilitation action is included in the following table:

Research indicates that PCI values can drop around 2.5 – 5.0 points per year with no preservation measures taken. 90 PCI could drop to 55 in 7-14 years!







### **CHALLENGES (HURDLES) to OVERCOME** to Build a Strong Preservation Program

### **EXPERIENCE/KNOWLEDGE OF PROCESSES**

- May still have some vintage employees (If so, use their knowledge)
- Very Young Workforce
- Never exposed to new processes
- Lack of Resources
- **Totally Clueless**

### ADMINISTRATION • Could be Fully On-Board

- Set in their ways
- (Do what we've always done)
- Micro-manager . (Dictate \$ and Processes without input from staff)
- **Totally Clueless**
- May have more Money than you can spend
- **Typical a Common Challenge**
- **Very Limited Funds**

BUDGET

- Never enough
- **Change Distribution of available Funds**

STRONG PAVEMENT PRESERVATION PROGRAM

## **ASSET Management**

## In-House or with a Management Firm

**In-House:** Rate your roads and develop a program using internal resources. If you are fortunate enough to still have an experienced staff or crew, draw from their knowledge and experiences working the roads to help build a program. They probably know a lot about the make up of the roads along with problem areas that need to be addressed.

Management Firm: Make sure you have Administrative and Financial backing which will support the findings and recommendations of the Asset Study before you contract with a Firm. Use the results of the study as GUIDELINES to build your program. Use a commonsense approach to structuring your program so that it can be easily tracked and followed by others, especially after there are staffing changes.

(Ex.)

### STRUCTURED PAVEMENT PRESERVATION PROGRAM



(Compared to a 2" Mill and Overlay after 15 years at a cost of  $\sim$  \$16.00 to \$20.00/SY)

CRACK SEAL ALONG THE ENTIRE LIFE OF THE PAVEMENT AS NEEDED.

## **FAIRLY COMMON SITUATIONS**

Desire (Need) to Start a Preservation Program Wanting to try new Processes Limited Budget – Small Quantity Projects Have a tight Timeframe to get work done (End of Budget year/Special Event)

## INTER-LOCAL AGREEMENTS – "PIGGYBACKING" or COOPERATIVE PURCHASING

 Avoid costs such as: Preparing Plans, Advertising, Administration Cost to get project to Bid and then evaluate Bids & Awarding Process
 Get projects on the ground in a shorter timeframe Avoid dealing with past issues over and over
 Secure services from a Trusted, Quality, Contractor
 Get consistent Quality Product and Performance Build strong relationships

## **USE THE POLICIES TO YOUR ADVANTAGE**

Laws and regulations may differ from State to State,

but two (2) advantages that Cities and Counties in Texas have over State Agencies are:

### 1. Ability to choose Best Value Bid in Lieu of Lowest Bid

### a. Use of a formal RFP or RFQ process

### b. Use the ability to choose Best Value

"Owner reserves the right to reject any and all Bids, including non-conforming, non-responsive, or conditional Bids. The Owner may also reject the Bid of any Bidder if the Owner believes that it would not be in the best interest of the Owner to make an award to that Bidder. The Owner reserves the right to waive all formalities."

### 2. Set up Multi-year Contracts

- a. If you get a "Good" Contractor on board, keep them for the duration of the years in the contract. It would be the Fair thing to set up an Escalator to account for material and labor increases over time.
- b. If the Contractor isn't performing, you are not tied to them past the first year, or if they are really bad, cancel the contract whenever justified.
- c. Re-bid the Contract and if previous contractor is "Low" again simply award to second bidder due to "cause".

## WHO-HAVE WE SERVICED in TEXAS -2012 to 2023?

ABILENE (FTU) ALLEN (5) **AMARILLO** (2) ARGYLE (FTU) AUSTIN (ACTIVE) (5) \* (2023) BARTONVILLE (2) (FTU) BAYTOWN (7) (FTU) **BIG-BEND NATIONAL PARK** BEXAR COUNTY (ACTIVE) (6) (2025) BONHAM (2) (FTU) BURKBURNETT (2) (FTU) BURLESON (FTU) CANYON (3) (FTU) CANYON WEST HOA (FTU) CASTLE HILLS (4) COLLEYVILLE (3) COPPERAS COVE (FTU) COPPER CANYON (FTU) DALLAS (2) DENISON (3) (FTU) DENTON (2) DENTON COUNTY (FIL DOUBLE OAK (FTU) DUMAS EL PASO FAIR OAKS RANCH (3) (FTU) FOSSIL CREEK (HOA) (FTU) FT. WORTH (2) GARLAND (3) (FTU) **GRAPEVINE (5) (FTU) GOODFELLOW AFB (2)** 

GRAHAM (3) \* (FTU) GRAYSON COUNTY (FT) HAYS COUNTY (3) HELOTES (2) (FTU) **HICKORY CREEK (FTU)** HIGHLAND PARK (FTU) HUDSON OAKS (3) (FTU) HURST **KILLEEN** KERRVILLE (4) (FTU) LAGO VISTA (3) (FTU) \* LAKE WORTH (FTU) (3) LAMPASAS LEON VALLEY LUBBOCK (8) LUBBOCK COUNTY (FTU) MANOR MANSFIELD (2) (FTU) MIDLAND (4) MESQUITE MOUNT PLEASANT (FTU) **NEW BRAUNFELS (2)** NORTH RICHLAND HILLS (8) (ACTIVE) (2024)NORTHLAKE (FTU) PANTEGO (2) (FTU) PECAN PLANTATION (HOA) PROPWASH AIRPORT (FTU) RAINTREE WOODS (HOA) (FTU) RED OAK (FTU)

**RICHLAND HILLS** ROCKWALL (4) SAN ANTONIO (5) \*\* (2023) SAN MARCOS (5) SEGUIN (2) STEPHENVILLE (3) TARRANT CO. PCT. 1 (5) (FTU) TARRANT CO. PCT. 3 (4) (FTU) THE FOUNTAINS (HOA) (FTU) TxDOT (6) VICTORIA (FTU) WEATHERFORD (8) WESTLAKE (FTU) WEST HOUSTON AIRPORT WEST OAK – HOA (FTU) WESTOVER HILLS (FTU) WICHITA FALLS (FTU) WOODWAY (3) LEGEND

75 Agencies 50% "Piggyback"

"GREEN"= PIGGYBACK "BLACK"= LOW BIDDER "ORANGE" = RFP (GRADED BID) "RED"= PRIVATE (FTU) = 1<sup>ST</sup> TIME USER "\*" = ACTIVE CONTRACT NUMBER IN () = YEARS SERVICED "RED" = LAST YEAR OF ACTIVE CONTRACT



www.roadresource.org PPRA Pavement Preservation & Recycling Alliance

Better roads today. Stronger networks tomorrow.

ABOUT US

TREATMENT TOOLBOX NETWORK OPTIMIZATION

PAVEMENT PRESERVATION

RECYCLING

EMULSIONS

RESOURCES

## **Build A Better Network** With the Optimized Approach









### **Treatment Resource Center**

#### **Apply Treatments With Confidence & Success**

This resource is a combined effort from experts across the industry. It includes the most current guidelines, process information, research, success stories, and in-depth quality assurance recommendations to equip you with the tools you need to ensure treatment success.

The PPRA Treatment Resource Center is an index of common treatments under various progressive pavement management disciplines. For specific questions contact a <u>contractor or supplier</u> in your region.



#### Micro Surfacing

Overview > About

#### OVERVIEW

ABOUT

PROCESS & VARIATIONS

#### PRE-CONSTRUCTION

SITE SELECTION MATERIAL SELECTION MIX DESIGN SPECIFICATION REVIEW

#### CONSTRUCTION

PREPARATION CALIBRATION APPLICATION

#### **OUALITY ASSURANCE**

INSPECTION ACCEPTANCE

#### **RESEARCH & PERFORMANCE** SUCCESS STORIES

PHOTO GALLERY

#### FOR PAVEMENT CONDITION A B (PC) of 70 or greater)

Micro surfacing is a surface treatment designed to extend the life of asphalt pavements in good condition by providing skid resistance, restricting moisture intrusion, protecting the structure from further oxidation and raveling, and restoring a uniform black appearance. It is the most economical choice when leveling is required. Micro surfacing boasts quick construction times and minimal disruption to the traveling public.



- Reduces life-cycle costs by 25 45% compared to traditional resurfacing methods.
- Reduces greenhouse gases by 44% or more, and energy use by 54% or more compared to traditional resurfacing methods.
- Reduces raw materials by 35% or more compared to traditional resurfacing methods.
  - Return to traffic within 1 hour.
  - Adds 6 8 years or more when applied for optimum preservation performance.

#### Issues Addressed

- Loss of friction
- Oxidation
- Uneven surface profile
- Raveling
- Rutting
- Lack of uniform color for restriping

#### Attributes

- Increases skid resistance
- Improves color contrast between pavement and striping
- Restores surface characteristics
- Protects the structure from moisture intrusion
- Protects the structure from oxidation
- Maintains drainage patterns and curb reveal
- Restores road profile (within limitations)
- Resistant to rutting and shoving

#### Common Combinations

- Crack seal + micro surfacing
- Rut filling with micro surfacing + surface course of micro surfacing
- Leveling/scratch course of micro surfacing + surface course of micro surfacing
- Cape Seal: (Chip seal + Micro surfacing)
- Scrub Cape Seal (Scrub seal + Micro surfacing)

### Explore by Pavement Criteria

PAVEMENT CRITERIA PAVEMENT PHOTOS

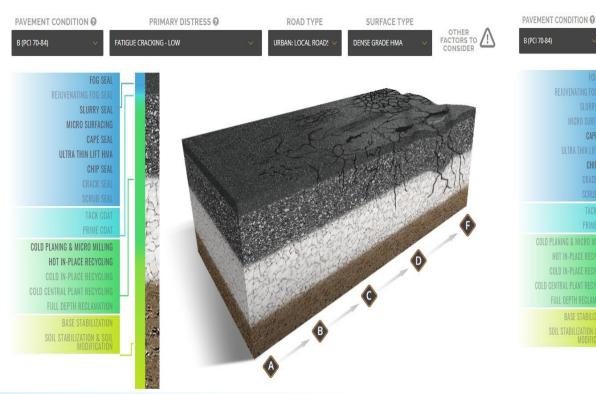
### **Explore by Pavement Criteria**

PAVEMENT CRITERIA PAV

PAVEMENT PHOTOS

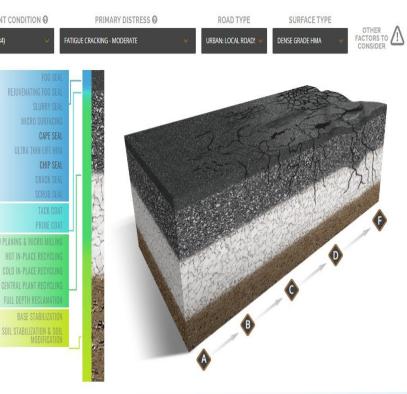
This tool is designed to explore cost-effective solutions to pavement at varying levels of distress. Input your pavement criteria for potential solutions relevant to you.

Though these tools use distress to identify potential treatment solutions, the savviest pavement managers are stretching budgets further by preventatively addressing deterioration before it starts. Link treatments together to make pavement last 40 years or more, or consider using innovative recycling methods to cost-effectively reengineer your pavement cross-section to meet increased load or traffic requirements and increase strength and longevity.



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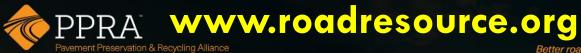
#### **RSL** Calculator

#### How to use this Tool

Use the calculator below to explore how different treatment combinations can be varied to inject maximum life into your network and up your resources more wisely. See examples and learn more about remaining service life <u>here.</u>

yd Export Treatment Type	Category	Life Extension	Lane-Miles* Treated 😡	Lane-Mile-Years	Unit Cost 🕤	Total Cost
<ul> <li>Full Depth Remove &amp; Replace</li> </ul>	Reconstruction	25.0	5	125	39.01	\$1,373,152
- Minor Mill & Fill	Rehabilitation	11.0	24	264	9.80	\$1,655,808
r Thin Lift HMA	Preservation	11.0	22.5	247.5	6.97	\$1,104,048
r Crack Seal	Preservation	3.0	108.5	325.5	0.48	\$366,643
r Select				0	0.00	SD
r Select				0	0.00	SD
r Select				0	0.00	SD
<ul> <li>Select</li> </ul>				0	0.00	\$D.
r Select				0		SO





Better roads today. Stronger networks tomorrow.

EMULSIONS

ABOUT US

TREATMENT TOOLBOX

NETWORK OPTIMIZATION

PAVEMENT PRESERVATION

RECYCLING

RESOURCES

**Multiple Calculators** 

**General Information** 

## Build A Better Network With the Optimized Approach









## Processes to help you build a strong program!

- ✓ FOG SEALS (CSS-1H, ONYX, HA-5,GSB-88, eFog, Reclamite, ETC.)
- ✓ CRACK SEALING (HOT RUBBER or COLD)
- ✓ CHIP SEAL (AC or EMULSION)
- ✓ SCRUB SEAL (Mass Crack Sealing Process)
- ✓ SLURRY SEAL A105 or A115
- ✓ MICRO-SURFACING SINGLE OR DOUBLE A143
- ✓ CAPE SEAL (CHIP OR SCRUB)
- ✓ HMAC Overlays

"It Takes a Village" You need a "Toolbox" full of Tools. You can't Maximize your successful using just One!



 INEXPENSIVE WAY TO SEAL PAVEMENTS, LOCK DOWN AGGREGATE

- SITE SELECTION CRITICAL (GOOD CONDITION, CHIP SEAL, RUMBLE STRIPS, SLURRY SEAL, ETC.)
- SLOW SETTING EMULSION DILUTED UP TO 3
   PARTS WATER, NO COVER AGGREGATE USED

MOST COMMON - CSS-1 OR CSS-1H

- APPLICATION RATE VARIES W/SURFACE) (0.1–0.15 GAL/SY) (0.03–0.05GAL/SY RESIDUAL
- LIFE SPAN 1–3 YEARS, CAN RE–APPLY



## (REJUVENATING FOG SEALS)

- SLIGHTLY MORE EXPENSIVE THAN SIMPLE DILUTED EMULSION FOG SEALS.
- ARE TYPICALLY CATIONIC EMULSIONS THAT ARE A BLEND OF MALTENES (LIGHT FRACTIONS) AND POSSIBLY MODIFIED WITH ASPHALT AND POLYMER. THE PRIMARY PURPOSE IS TO SOFTEN THE STIFFNESS OF THE OXIDIZED AC PAVEMENT SURFACE AND FLUX WITH THE ASPHALT BINDER TO EXTEND THE LIFE OF THE PAVEMENT SURFACE BY ADJUSTING PROPERTIES OF THE AC MIXTURE. MAXIMUM ABSORBANCE OF THE REJUVENATOR IS IDEAL.
- REJUVENATING SEAL TO PAVEMENTS IN THE 1-4 YEAR AGE TO EXTEND
   PAVEMENT LIFE BEFORE THE USE OF A WEAR COURSE SEAL IS
   REQUIRED.











National Center for Asphalt Technology (NCAT) – University of Auburn Test Track = 1.7 miles long





### Asphalt Technology News

Evaluation of

Crack Sealing: A Cost-Effective Option for Extending Pavement Life PAGE 6

Performance on Lee Road 159 PAGE 10

Delta Mist rejuvenator is applied to Section 53 of the NCAT Test Track.

Table 1. Rejuvenating products used on the NCAT screening stuay

Surface Treatment Product	Composition	Application Rate (gal/yd2)	Dilution Rate
CMS-1PF	Polymer Modified	0.08	30% residual
Regen-X		0.07	2:1
RejuvaSeal	Aromatic oils & solvents	0.06	100% residual
Delta Mist	Plant-based rejuvenator	0.10	30% residual
Biorestor	Bio-based rejuvenator	0.03	1:1
Replay	Polymers and soybean rejuvenator	0.015	100% residual
Reclamite	Maltene-based from napthenic (large % of cycloparaffins) crude base	0.08	1:1

Table 2. Performance	-based cla	ssification of	frejuvenatin	g products.
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Grade	Surface Treatment Product
	Biorestor
4	Replay
	Regen-X
B	Delta Mist
	Reclamite
	CMS-1PF
c	RejuvaSeal



**Evaluation of Rejuvenating Fog Seals** 

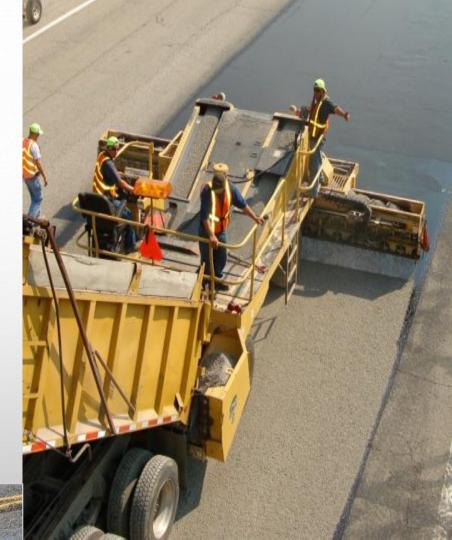
## CRACK TREATMENTS

- CRACK FILLING NON-WORKING CRACKS
- CRACK SEALING WORKING (THERMAL) CRACKS, ROUT FOR LONGER LIFE
- TYPICALLY, HOT APPLIED
  - ASPHALT RUBBER
  - FIBER ADDED TO PG GRADED ASPHALT
  - CURE TIME 1 MONTH TO 1 SEASON
- COLD POUR POLYMER SEALING MATERIAL
   (COVER SOONER, NO "SHADOWING")
- WATERPROOF PAVEMENT PRIOR TO OTHER TREATMENTS (TOP-DOWN WATER)



## CHIP SEALS

- Uniform application of asphalt binder on a sound surface followed by placement of cover aggregate then seated with roller
- Seal surface from water intrusion
- Can be placed in multiple layers using different sized aggregate
- Used as SAMI layer prior to other treatments (Cape Seal, HMA)
- Most Economical full width resurfacing process.
- Not a Fan Favorite of road users.



### **TxDOT Maintenance Conference**

**Session Presentation Title:** 

**TxDOT Roadways** - **Chip Seals & Hot Mix** Are the two applications comparable? / Benefits & Drawbacks

#### **CHIP SEAL:**

#### **Benefits**

#### MICRO-SURFACING

Extends the life of an existing asphalt surface by protecting it from oxidation and deterioration Stretches maintenance dollars and is a strong return on investment Seals and resists reflection of small surface cracks Reduces future cracking, distress and potholes that eventually start to appear Improves skid-resistance and safety with a high friction surface Protects asphalt layer from damage

#### Drawbacks

Cure TimeTraffic ready in 1 hourFlying Chips (aggregate)Little, to No, Aggregate lossNoise ConsiderationsOne of the quietist processesWeather ConsiderationMicro can handle rain after being down for 20-30 minutesPerformanceProven History (if applied properly and on good candidates)Will not improve ride qualityCan definitely improve ride IRI valuesPublic ComplaintsHMAC appearance

## SCRUB SEAL

- APPLICATION OF A HIGHER VISCOSITY EMULSION WHICH IS BROOMED OR "SCRUBBED" INTO THE CRACKED SURFACE
- REJUVENATION EMULSION
- HELPS ENSURE THAT EMULSION GETS INTO ALL THE CRACKS
- USED WHEN CRACK FREQUENCY CAN'T BE ADDRESSED IN A COST EFFECTIVE MANNER USING CONVENTIONAL CRACK SEALING METHODS
- CAN SOMETIMES RESULT IN A NON-UNIFORM FINISHED SURFACE, BLOTCHY.



## GOOD SCRUB SEAL CANDIDATES





<u>SLURRY SEAL \*</u>

- BLEND OF CRUSHED AGGREGATE (#10 STONE) & ASPHALT EMULSION
- MATCH AGGREGATE TO DESIRED TEXTURE (TY I, II, III)
- TYPICALLY, ONE AGGREGATE THICKNESS
- MIXED AND SPREAD IN A MOBILE OPERATION AS THIN WEARING SURFACE
- CAPE SEALS
- CAN BE USED AS A SAMI
- OVER OLD SLURRY
- ISSA A105, A115
- \* (DEFINITION)



## MICRO-SURFACING

- SIMILAR IN MANY WAYS TO SLURRY WITH REGARD TO SITE SELECTION, CAPE SEALS ON BUSIER ROADS
- ALWAYS POLYMER MODIFIED EMULSION
- CAN PLACE MULTIPLE LIFTS, USING DIFFERENT SIZED AGGREGATES
- ISSA A143
- HIGHER PROFILE AREAS
- LEVEL CONSOLIDATION RUTS PRIOR TO HMA OR CHIP SEAL
- ADDRESS FRICTION & BLEEDING ISSUES

### TxDOT – IH-10

## MICRO-SURFACING - RUT FILLING









24 lbs/SY Type III Micro-surfacing (~1/4")

TxDOT Type "D" HMAC (~ 1 1/8") Placed in 1995

TxDOT Type "B" HMAC (~3") Placed in 1995

#### Tarrant County Pct 3 - 2017

Bear Spring Dr Springway Dr Highland Springs Mallard Springs Grant Springs Ct Barrett Springs Ct Clover Ct Wood Springs Ct Royce Springs Ct Willow Springs Ct Willow Creek Dr Fairway Band Dr Greenway Crossing Dr

o 2017 Google

Legend Highland Springs Neighborhood Willow Springs Neighborhood

2000 ft

Pct 3 2017 Desent-Hulls-Dr

Crossing-D

# Micro-surfacing over existing surface.

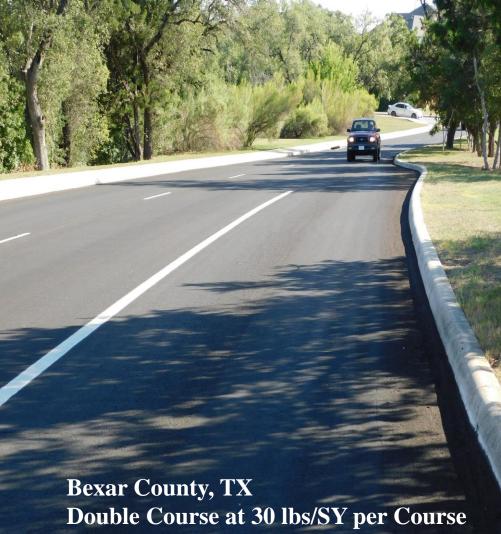
### Micro-surfacing will fade out much like HMAC.

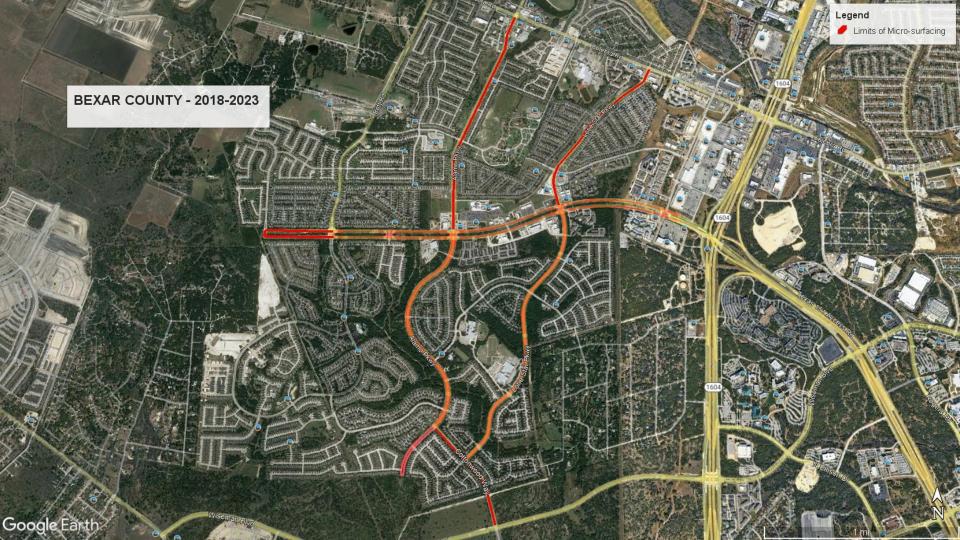
**Existing Condition prior** to resurfacing in 2016 Photo taken 2017

Photo taken 4.18.18

### DOUBLE COURSES OF MICRO-SURFACING

- FIRST COURSE WILL HELP LEVEL AND FILL
   DEPRESSIONS ON THE EXISTING SURFACE
- SECOND COURSE PROVIDES A WEARING SURFACE THAT HAS A UNIFORM THICKNESS OVER THE LOWER LAYER
- TYPICALLY USE A COARSER GRADATION ON THE BOTTOM COURSE TO FILL VOIDS AND PROVIDE A STABLE FOUNDATION
- FINER GRADATION ON THE SECOND COURSE PROVIDES A SMOOTH RIDING SURFACE
- EXPONENTIALLY MORE EFFECTIVE THAN A SINGLE COURSE





## Double Courses of Micro-surfacing

Lynn St – 2016 Existing Condition Two lifts – 25#/SY Scratch 22#/SY Surface



### CAPE SEALS \*

- THE COMBINATION OF A CHIP SEAL OR SCRUB SEAL WITH A SLURRY SEAL OR MICRO-SURFACING
- PROVIDES A GOOD MEMBRANE SEAL WHICH ADDRESSES MODERATE TO SEVERE SURFACE CRACKING
- PROVIDES A SMOOTHER SURFACE
   OVER THE AGGREGATE CHIP SEAL
- ADDRESS ROADS WITH LOWER PCI SCORES IN LIEU OF MORE COSTLY OPTIONS
- \* PUBLIC COMPLAINTS



Excessive use of cover stone.

Denton County 2023 Micro-surfacing to top off Chip Seal (Creating a Cape Seal) on reconstructed roads to provide a smooth HMAC appearance.

			$\bigcirc$		
PAVEMENT PRESERVATION					
* Typical Life Extension(Years) SOURCE - NCAT					
TREATMENT	GOOD	FAIR	POOR		
	CONDITION	CONDITION	CONDITION		
	(PCI=80)	(PCI=60)	(PCI=40)		
FOG SEAL	3-5	1-3	1-2		
CHIP SEAL	7-10	3-5	1-3		
SLURRY SEAL	7-10	3-5	1-3		
MICRO-SURFACING	8-12	5-7	2-4		
THIN HMA	10-12	0 5-7	2-4		

### Results from NCAT Study on Crack Reduction Testing Several Asphalt Preservation Processes over an 8 Year Test Period.

Treatment	Poor	Fair	Good
Rej. Fog Seal	4	3	10
Single Micro	17	5	7
Double Micro	70	40	33
Single Chip	28	23	16
Double Chip	45	33	29
Triple Chip	63	38	32
Fiber Chip	54	33	30
Virgin Thinlay	67	40	33
Cape Seal	70	39	32
50% RAP Thinlay	28	16	13
5% RAS Thinlay	8	19	5

### **COMPARING COSTS OF DIFFERENT PROCESSES**

(Average pricing will vary based on location and project size!)



Chip Seal - \$2-\$3 per Square Yard = \$35,200/Mile



Micro-surfacing - \$3.5-\$4.5 per Square Yard = \$56,320/Mile



HMAC Overlay (11/2") - \$8-\$10 per Square Yard = \$126,720/Mile

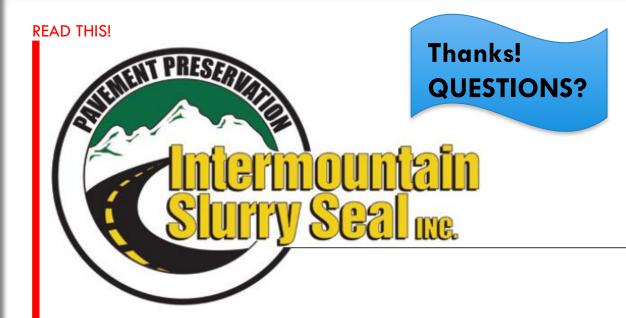


Scrub Seal - \$2.5-\$3.5 per Square Yard = \$42,240/Mile



Cape Seal - \$6.5-\$8.5 per Square Yard = \$105,600/Mile

(Based on 24' roadway width)



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IF YOU EXPECT IT, THEN INSPECT IT! IF YOU INSPECT IT, THEN YOU'LL GET IT!

